



Board of Directors Education Session Value-Based Care at NYC Health + Hospitals

March 2, 2020

At

Jacobi 1400 Pelham Pkwy S, The Bronx, NY 10461
Simulation Center, Building 4 - 2nd floor



AGENDA

1:00 – Introduction and Lunch

1:10 – Value Based Care Presentation

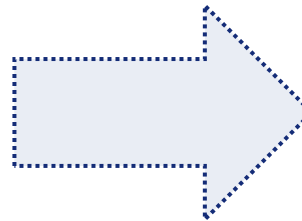
2:45 – Simulation Center Site Visit



Value-Based Care Enables Delivery System Transformation

Current State

- Fragmented state of care delivery with little coordination across the continuum of care
- Payment system that rewards volume over value
- Inadequate ambulatory and community-based care
- Limitations in sharing data and information with patients and providers
- Limitations in addressing social determinants of health



Future State

- Coordinated, patient-centered care that improves patient outcomes as well as the patient experience
- Payment system that rewards value
- Team-based ambulatory care with members practicing at 'top of their license' to improve care delivery
- Flow of data across providers, patients, payers, and CBOs
- Fully integrated role of CBOs in addressing social determinants of health



Value-Based Care Enables Delivery System Transformation



[Click picture to open video in new window](#)



Value-Based Care via Value-Based Payment Models and Risk

Despite differences in Federal and State terminology, the concept remains the same: paying for outcomes (e.g. around clinical conditions or specific populations) across increasing degrees of risk.

CMS-MEDICARE VBP CATEGORIES		DOH-MEDICAID VBP LEVELS ¹⁷	
Category Name	Description	Category Name	Description
Category 1	Fee-for-Service (FFS) with no link to quality	Level 0	FFS with bonus/withhold for quality outcomes (not VBP)
Category 2	FFS with a link to quality	Level 1	FFS with only upside risk
Category 3	Alternative payment models built on FFS methods	Level 2	FFS with risk sharing (upside and downside)
Category 4	Population health-based payments	Level 3	Global capitation

Source: Greater New York Hospital Association (2018)



Key Market Characteristics

- **Value-based payments are increasingly becoming the norm.**
 - Increasing momentum among payers, both public and private, towards value based arrangements.
 - In particular, ramp-up among Medicaid MCOs as they move towards at least 80-90% of provider payments in value-based arrangements by 2020.
 - New incentives available to reduce hospital utilization and promote population health across a wide spectrum of distinct arrangements.
- **Continued consolidation of providers into fully-integrated, highly competitive delivery systems that assume risk for their patient populations.**
 - Fueled by technological advances, systems are moving towards ambulatory and home-based service delivery, aligned with a broader shift towards patient-centered, data-driven care.
 - Issuers adapting as providers get closer to first premium dollar.
- **Uncertain regulatory landscape at the Federal and State level.**
 - Reduction in DSH payments will force systems to adapt to broader payment landscape.
 - Lack of clarity at the State level as DSRIP conclusion nears.



Vision, Participation, and Opportunities



Vision for Value-Based Care at H+H

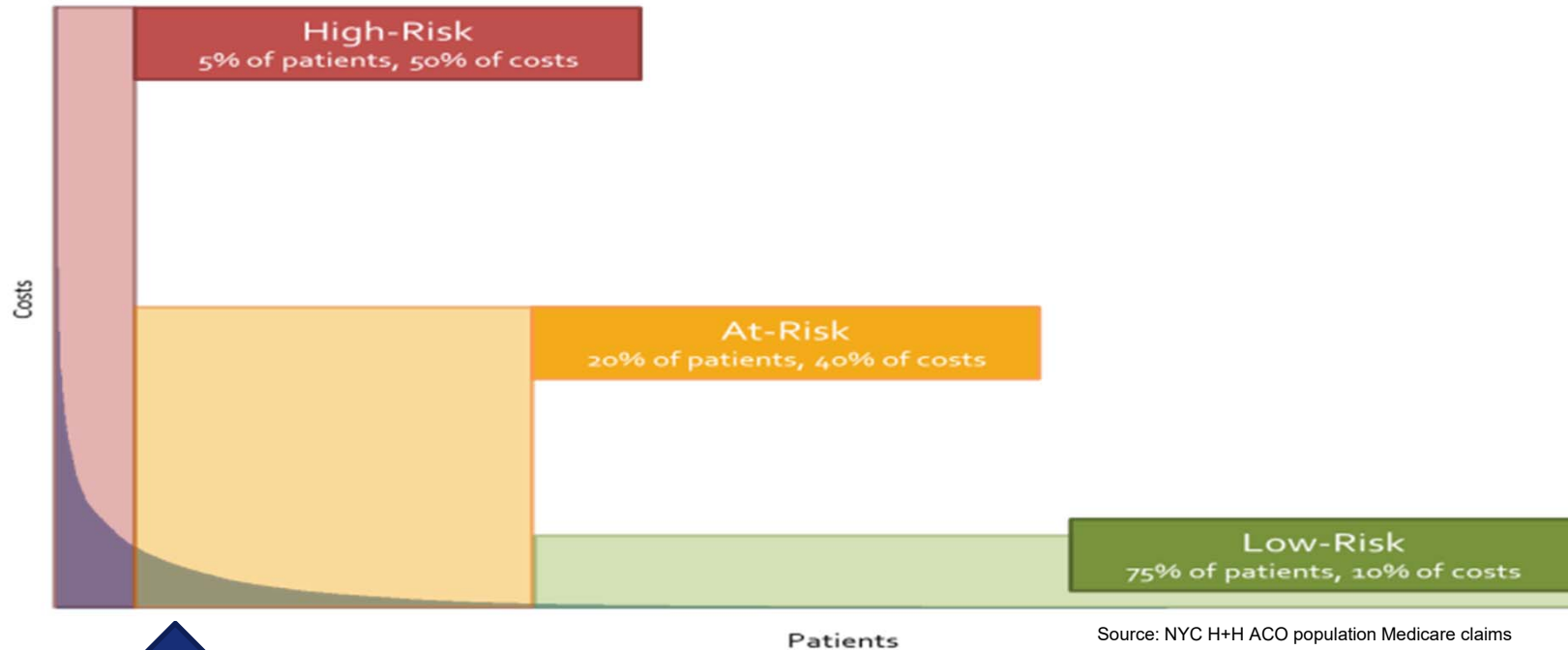
Improve patient outcomes and maximize revenue by:

1. Enhancing quality and improving coordination across the full continuum of care.
2. Delivering timely, actionable insights to frontline staff and central office teams via a centralized data platform.
3. Managing the execution and performance of multiple, distinct contracts and networks.



Scaling Value-Based Care

From Incentives to Interventions



H+H has been a pioneer in Value-Based Care

H+H has been in a fully capitated risk arrangement with MetroPlus since 2000, with Healthfirst since 2006, and with Medicare (ACO) since 2013.

- Aligns financial incentives with patient care and quality.
- Reduced medical expenses translates to risk surplus flowing to H+H for reinvestment



Current Participation in NYS VBC Programs

Total potential award

\$1.165B



Delivery System Reform Incentive Program (DSRIP)

- Delivery system transformation
- Goal of reducing avoidable hospital use by 25% over 5 years
- Shifting 80% of Medicaid managed care payments to value rather than FFS

\$600M



Value-Based Payment Quality Improvement Program (VBP-QIP)

Quality-based incentive payments to support safety-net hospitals in the transition to value-based payment, improve quality of care and work towards financial sustainability

\$432.2M



Care Restructuring Enhancement Pilots (CREP)

Enhance workforce's ability to serve the needs of Managed Long-Term Care and Behavioral Health-Home and Community Based populations and close gaps in services inside and outside of the hospital.

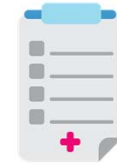
\$274M



Capital Restructuring Financing Program (CRFP)

- Helps health care providers fund critical capital and infrastructure improvements as well as integrate and further develop health systems
- Combination of capital and IT funding to achieve these goals.

\$3.2B



Level II VBP Managed Care Contracts

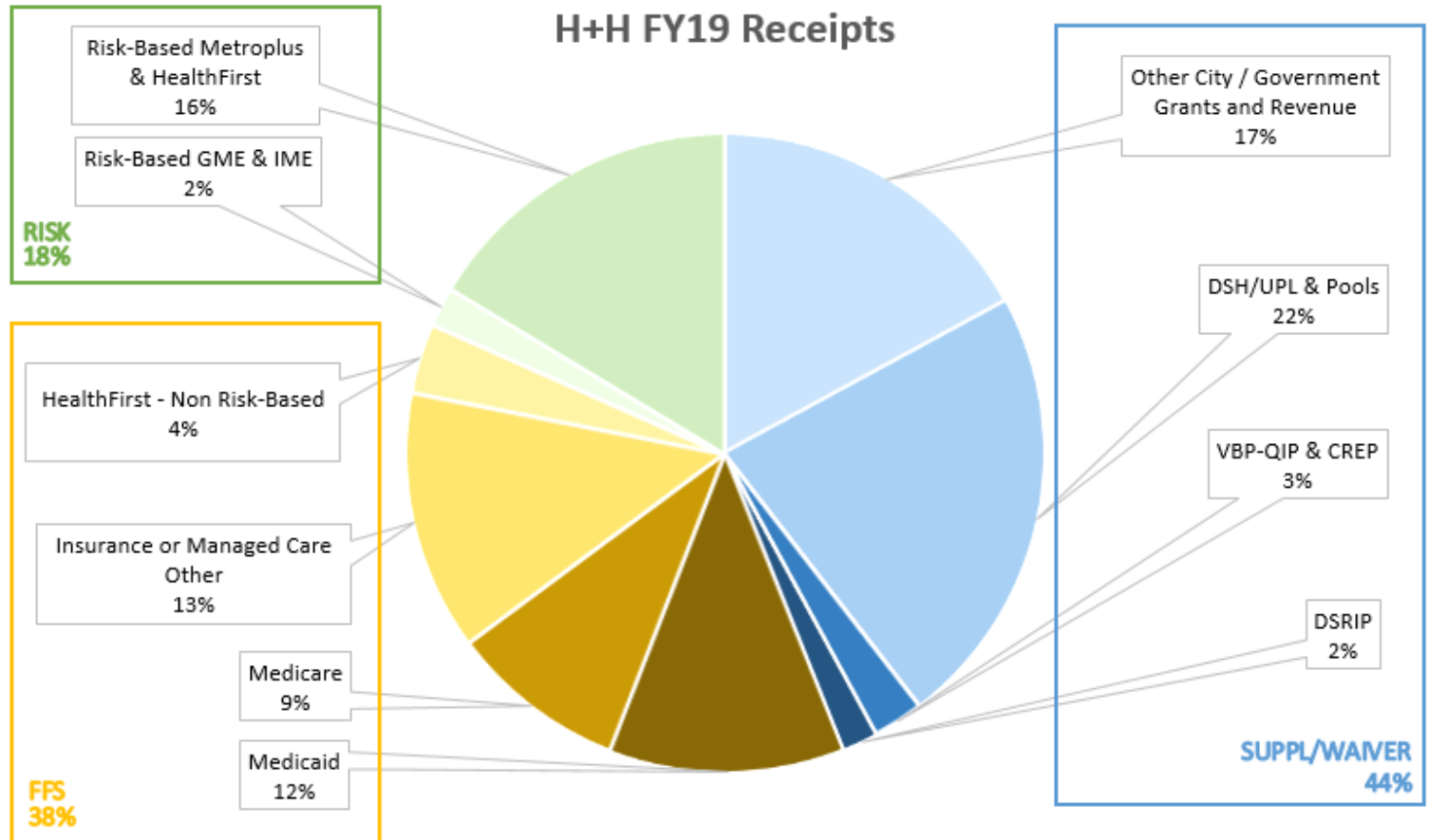
- NYC H+H holds Level 2 VBP contracts with MetroPlus and Healthfirst, which hold a risk for approximately 601,000 lives at a total premium of \$3.2B in 2018.
- Enhanced management of this population will allow NYC H+H to retain more of the at risk premium dollars via in network claims spending and surplus savings through unnecessary patient utilization.



VBP at H+H

Current Status and Opportunity

62% (\$4.4B) of H+H's revenue is capitated or fixed. The remaining 38% (\$2.6B) is FFS revenue and represents potential opportunity to move to VBP.



*Source: H+H Finance, FY19 Cash Receipts adjusted



Multiple Drivers of Financial Sustainability in a VBC Environment

Maximize premium revenue

- Improve Clinical Risk Group (CRGs) assignment
- Enroll patients in highest tier
- Enable plan to achieve highest Quality ratings

Drive Costs Down

- Reduce unnecessary utilization
- Manage High-Risk Patients

Retain patients

- Reduce disenrollment
- Manage leakage outside of Health + Hospitals

Improve Quality, maximize incentive dollars



Spotlight Initiatives

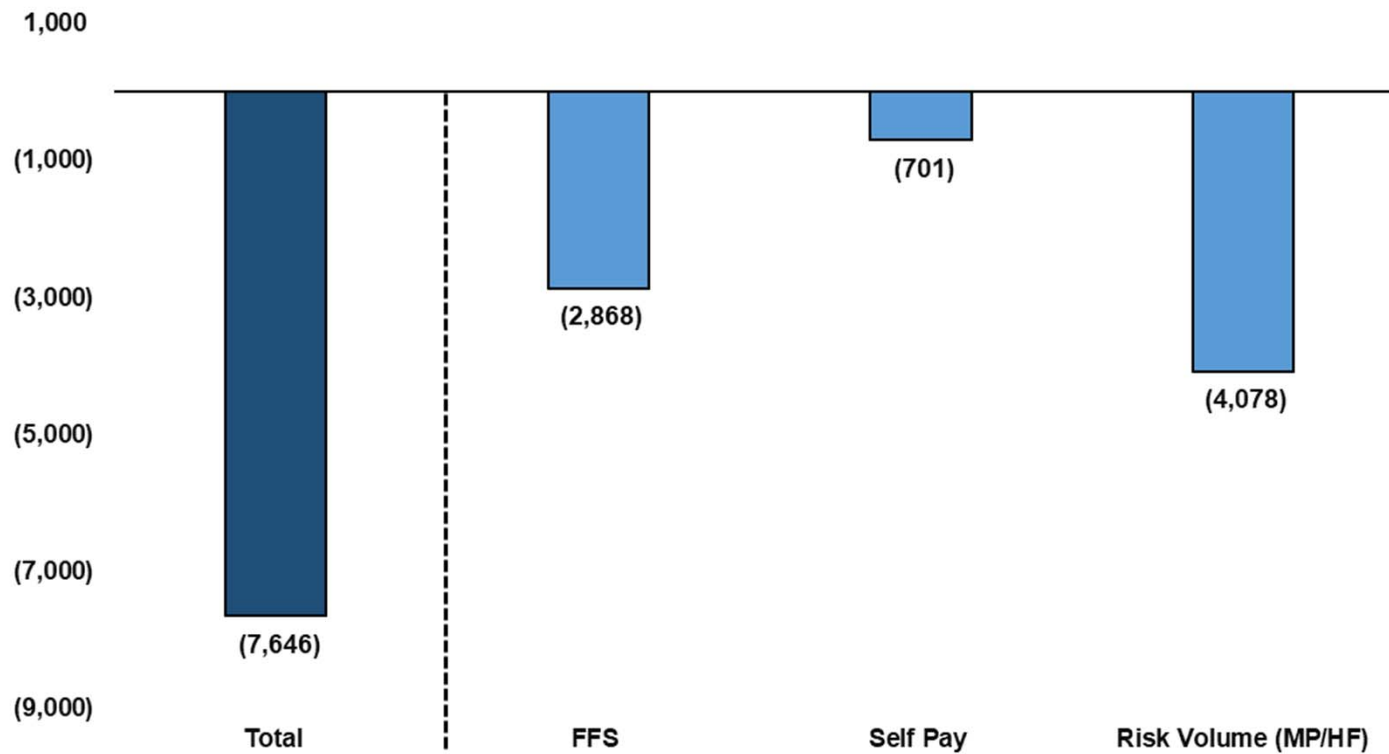


Since 2013, the ACO has saved the Medicare program over **\$43M**—resulting in savings of over **\$19M** for H+H and our external partners—while improving the quality of care for the patients we serve.



Inpatient Volume Declined 4%, Under One-Half is Fee For Service (FFS) Impacting Revenue

- Over one-half of the decline in discharges vs. FY18 are associated with our risk-based health plans, MetroPlus and HealthFirst, helping drive improved risk pool revenue.
- Previous uptick in self-pay has now converted to insurance.



*Chart includes psych and rehab.



Spotlight: MetroPlus

MetroPlus ranks among the highest on quality of all NYC Medicaid Plans and earns robust margins in VBP (Level 2) Risk Arrangements

Plans	
Tier 4	Affinity YourCare Health Plan
Tier 3	Independent Health HIP (Emblem Health) Empire BlueCross BlueShield HealthPlus Health Now New York, Inc. WellCare of New York United Health Care Community Plan Excelsus BlueCross BlueShield Molina Health Care
Tier 2	MetroPlus Health Plan CDPHP MVP Healthfirst PHSP, Inc Fidelis

VBP Risk Contract - Quality Measures for Calendar Year 2018
Breast Cancer Screening
Chlamydia Screening
Colorectal Screening
Asthma Medication Ratio (19-64 years) Ratio > 50%
30-Day Follow Up After Hospitalization for Mental Illness



The Performing Provider System (PPS) brings partners together to address total patient and family care needs



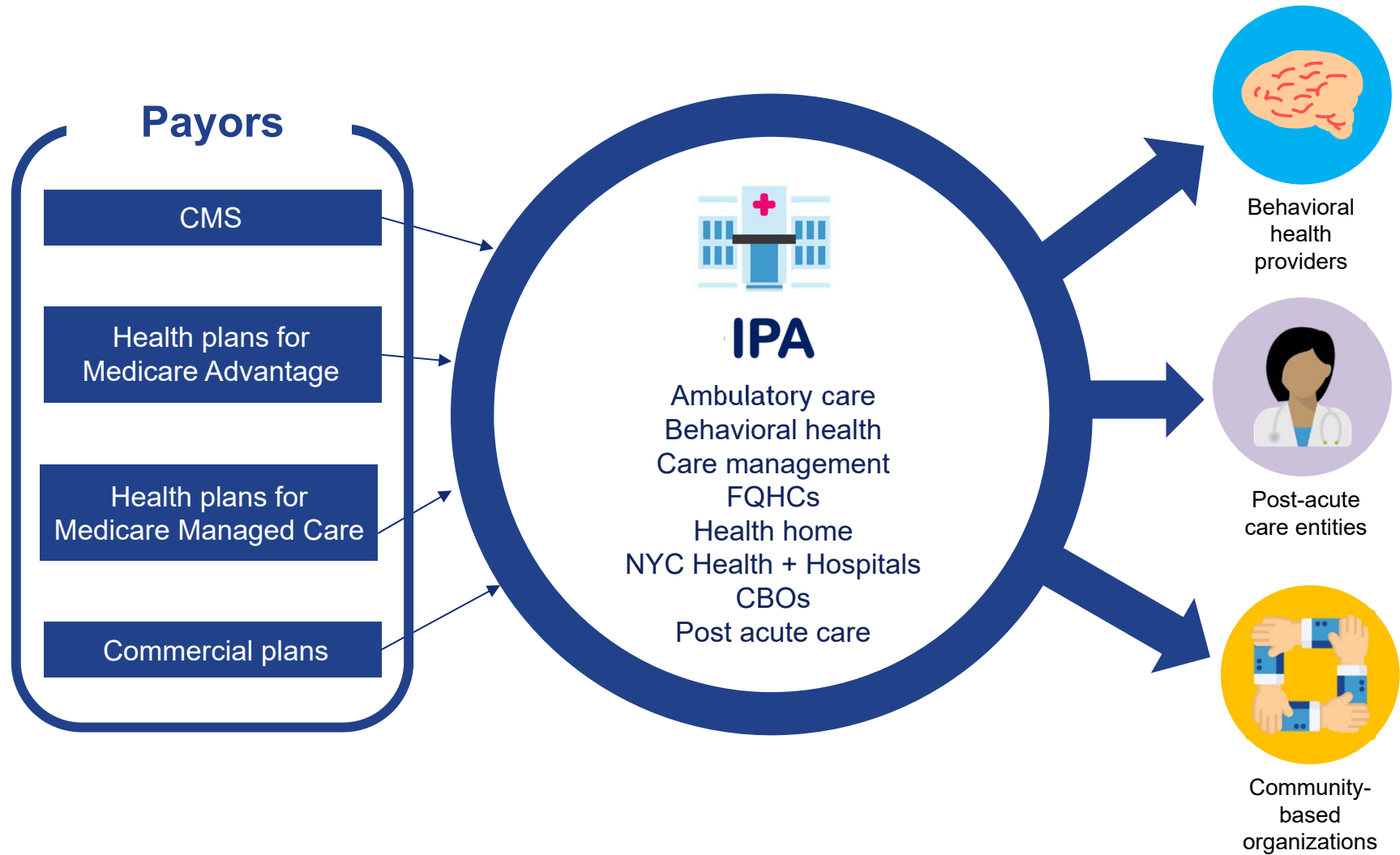
Spotlight: DSRIP

PPS partner service domains

- Mental Health
- Medical and Healthcare
- Food and Nutrition
- Substance Abuse
- Financial Assistance
- Childcare and Parenting
- Dental and Vision
- Housing
- Education
- Exercise and Physical Fitness
- Family Planning and Pregnancy
- Legal
- Technology
- Immigrant Support
- Healthcare Supplies and Medicine
- Transportation
- Employment
- Hotlines
- Mobile Care Services
- Home Maintenance
- Safety and Prevention

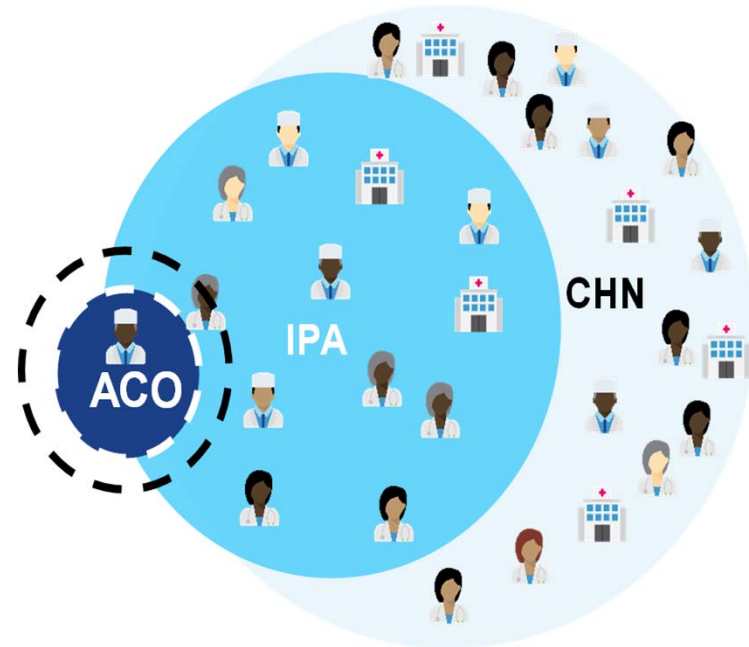


NYC Health + Hospitals IPA



Building a High-Value Network

- **Current – Traditional Indemnity**
 - Thousands individual providers recruited years ago
- **Bridge – Partially Managed**
 - Establish an IPA that allows for a more structured and strengthened partnership than the CHN and can include selected PPS partners, IPAs and ACOs. The IPA could provide the all-payer ACO with future partners that are more advanced in managed care and willing to be exclusive partners.
- **Fully Managed**
 - The ACO is a group of providers, hospitals, IPAs, and other practices who come together voluntarily to give coordinated high-quality care



Current Participation in Other Medicare VBC Programs

NYC H+H can continue to improve its performance across a range of CMS programs:

- Hospital Readmissions Reduction Program
 - Reduces payments to hospitals with excess readmissions
 - Payments to H+H has been reduced by \$6.4M over the past 5 years
- Hospital Value-Based Purchasing Program
 - Adjusts payments to hospitals based on certain quality measures
 - Payments to H+H have been reduced by \$2.3M over the past five years
- Hospital Acquired Condition Reduction Program
 - Adjusts payments to hospitals based on certain quality measures
 - Payments to H+H have been reduced by \$7.8M over the past five years
- Comprehensive Care for Joint Replacement (CJR)
 - Bundled payment for hip and knee replacements
 - Payments to H+H have been reduced by \$294K over the past three years



Progress and Future



Building Infrastructure to Optimize Opportunity in Managed Care Contracts

A **Value-Based Care Steering Committee** formed to build the H+H VBC Framework and Goals to optimize performance in our current risk arrangements and explore future opportunities. Each goal has various work streams, which include owners from across H+H, timelines, and measurable goals.

Part 1: Build the Capacity to Manage our Current Risk Contracts

- i. Understand Medicaid member attribution and maintain up-to-date information for performance tracking
- ii. Establish a clear clinical documentation process that allows for an accurate portrayal of quality of care provided and patients treated to reduce insufficient documentation, medically unnecessary services, and incorrect coding.
- iii. Establish capabilities for quality performance tracking and financial management of risk.
- iv. Align care delivery model to patient needs.
- v. Support patient engagement and address social determinants of health.
- vi. Workforce redesign/retraining.

Part 2: Assess Viability of Additional Risk-Based Arrangements

- i. Establish target budgets for total costs of care.
- ii. Establish and/or expand Value-Based Payment arrangements that align with attributed population, services needed, outcomes to be measured, risk-adjusted cost of care opportunities, and partners.



Questions for Discussion

- What are the major strategic considerations for H+H to navigate with value-based care?
- How will the Medicaid Redesign Team's recommendations affect our approach?
- How can we build on our unique relationship with MetroPlus and forge deeper partnerships with other payors?

